## Notes for Acts - Chapter 11

### John's title for Chapter 11: "Reacting to Change"

#### A Summary of Chapter 11:

- Verses 1-18 are about the Christian-Jews <u>reacting</u> to the news that Peter "converted" a Gentile!
  - 1. Peter recounts the story of the "great sheet vision" and how Cornelius saw an angel.
  - 2. The Christian Jews accepted the news once they heard Peter tell the story.
- Verses 19-26 are about "un-named" Christians converting Gentiles in the City of Antioch.
  - 1. Antioch is in Syria, a country neighboring Israel.
  - 2. Peter recounts the story of the "great sheet vision" and how Cornelius saw an angel.
  - 3. The Christian Jews accepted the news once they heard Peter tell the story.
  - 4. The Jerusalem Church sends Barnabus to encourage the new Gentile-Church
  - 5. The new church grows
  - 6. Barnabus finds Saul to lead this church.
- Verses 27-30 are about a Christian Prophet coming to Antioch to announce a famine.
  - 1. The church of Antioch believes the prophecy
  - 2. They take up a collection to help the church in Jerusalem.

## <u>Introduction</u> - Prior to Jesus, How did Gentiles get saved?

- It took the acknowledgement that the "God of the Israelites is the true God".
- God judges people fairly based on the evidence that a God exists, and their behavior on that action. This is what Romans Chapter 1 teaches. Here are some examples of Gentiles who were "saved" and those who weren't
  - 1. Rahab the Harlot from Joshua Chapter 2. She acknowledged that the God of the Israel "spies" was greater than their gods (implied).
  - 2. King Nebuchadnezzar from the book of Daniel. I believe he was saved because he acknowledged that "Daniel's God is the "God of God's" in Daniel 4 and acted upon it.
  - 3. In Exodus, Pharaoh's magicians realized that the plagues were done "by the finger of God", (Exodus 8:19) but never did anything to respond/repent, and thus, are not saved.

# Notes for Acts - Chapter 11 (cont.)

<u>Verse 10</u> – Peter gets a visit from  $\underline{3}$  men after the "sheet vision" is repeated  $\underline{3}$  times.

- Peter figures out the vision refers to the 3 men.
- This verse teaches of the danger of <u>never</u> reading a verse <u>out of context</u>
- Can you imagine the weird interpretations Christians would have of the "sheet-vision" if you read this verse *without* the adjoining verse about the 3 men?
- "A text taken out of *context* becomes a *pretext*".

<u>Verse 21</u> - The 3 men told Peter "An angel told our boss Cornelius" to come find you.

- Application Be cautious when people say "God spoke to us and we have a message for you!
- God hasn't lost your telephone number! In this case God was working "both ends" to bring them together.
- John said, "but test the spirits, whether they are of God;" (1 John 4:1)

<u>Verse 30</u> – Cornelius arranges for his family & friends to hear Peter's message.

• Charles Spurgeon was once asked, "What does it take to be a great preacher? His answer: "A great audience!" (He meant one that is receptive to God's message.)

<u>Verse 41</u> - Peter says, Jesus was not seen by all the people (when he rose again), but by witnesses whom God had already chosen

- For those who argue "pre-destiny" over "free-will", this is one of those verses!
- Some people use this verse to argue for "limited atonement". That is the belief that Jesus *only* died for those are pre-destined.
- I simply disagree. Christ died for *all*. Some simply *choose* not to accept that free gift God gives. Here is a supporting Bible Verse:
- "And he (Jesus) died for <u>all</u>, that those who live <u>should</u> no longer live for themselves but for him who died for them and was raised again." (2 Corinthians 5:15 NIV)

<u>Verse 27</u> - A prophet named Agibus predicted a famine. Luke records that this famine occurred during the reign of Roman Emperor Claudius. Roman Historians verified the famine that was

• "Although there is no record of a single famine that ravaged the whole empire in the time of Claudius, various Roman historians referred to a series of bad harvests and famine conditions during his reign (cf. Suetonius *Vita Claudius* 18:2; Tacitus *Annales* 12.43; Dio Cassius *History of Rome* 60.11; Orosius *History* 7.6.17)". Bible Expositor Encylopedia

### Personal Application:

- The Jewish Christians had to deal with changes in their beliefs. The lessons teach us that God works on our own personal prejudices.
- Are there any believers you look down upon, (i.e. "unclean"), when you know God has forgiven them of their sins?